DATA META FILE 2012

This file describes the instrumentation, field setup, and quality control procedures associated with the climate and flux data collected for 2012 at the University of Minnesota, Rosemount Research Experiment Station (UMORE Park) located near St. Paul Minnesota.

Metafile Created: **April 15, 2013** Metafile Updated: **April 16, 2013**

Climate Data Files First Posting: **April 16, 2013** Flux Raw Data Files First Posting: **April 16, 2013**

Investigators

Please direct all questions, comments, or errors related to these data to:

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Site Location and Description

Rosemount Research and Outreach Center (RROC), Upper Midwest, St. Paul, Minnesota 2 Flux stations in corn-soybean Rotation Site G21 Conventional Management of Corn-Soybean Rotation Note that 2012 was a soybean year.

RROC Station Coordinates

Latitude 44° 42' Longitude 93° 05'

Met Tower G21: 44° 42' 51.50931" 93° 05' 23.43557" 259.7385 m Met Tower G19: 44° 43' 18.16391" 93° 05' 21.62062" 259.7393 m

Last Ameriflux Site Visits: August 2009 (G19), August 2006 (G21), August 2004 (G21)

Relevant Reference Papers (complete list at www.biometeorology.umn.edu)

Baker, J.M., Ochsner, T.E., Venterea, R.T., and Griffis, T.J. 2006. Tillage and Soil Carbon Sequestration – What Do We Really Know?, Agriculture, Ecosystems, and Environment, 118: 1-5

Baker, J.M. and Griffis T.J. 2005. Examining strategies to improve the carbon balance of corn/soybean agriculture using eddy covariance and mass balance techniques. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology

agriculture using eddy covariance and mass balance techniques. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 128 (3-4), 163-177.

Griffis, T.J., Sargent S.D., Baker J.M., Lee X., Tanner B.D., Greene J., Swiatek E., and Billmark K. 2007. Direct measurement of biosphere-atmosphere Isotopic CO2 exchange using the eddy covariance technique. In prep.

Griffis, T.J., Zhang J., Baker, J.M., Kljun, N., and Billmark, K. 2007. Determining carbon isotope signature from micrometeorological measurements: Implications for studying biosphere-atmosphere exchange processes. Boundary-Layer Meteorology, 123 (2): 201-218, doi: 10.1007/s10546-006-9143-8 Griffis, T.J., Baker, J.M., and Zhang, J. 2005. Seasonal dynamics of isotopic CO2 exchange in a C3/C4

Griffis, T.J., Baker, J.M., and Zhang, J. 2005. Seasonal dynamics of isotopic CO2 exchange in a C3/C4 managed ecosystem. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 132, 1-19.

Griffis, T.J. Lee, X., Baker J.M., King J.Y., and Sargent S.D. 2005. Feasibility of quantifying ecosystematmosphere C18O16O fluxes and discrimination mechanisms using laser spectroscopy, Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 135, 44-60.

Zhang, J., Griffis T.J., and Baker J.M. 2006. Using continuous stable isotope measurements to partition net ecosystem CO2 exchange. Plant Cell and Environment, doi:10.1111/j.1365-3040.2005.01425.x.

Climate Variables and Data Structure

There are currently 14 variables contained within a [17520 x 14] tab delineated array. This array represents our best measure/quality control of the climate variables to date and is subject to revision. See dates above for recent updates concerning the data file and metadata.

The following data are provided without headers for field sites **G21**: Column Variable Units Instrument *Notes

- 1 Year
- 2 Day
- 3 Hour
- 4 Solar radiation (K↓) W/m2 Eppley PSP 3.7 m
- 5 Reflected Solar Radiation W/m2 Eppley PSP 3.7 m
- 6 Incoming longwave radiation W/m2 Eppley Pyrgeometer
- 7 Outgoing longwave radiation W/m2 Eppley Pyrgeometer
- 8 Net radiation (Rn) W/m2 Kipp&Zonen Components 3.7 m
- 9 wind speed (m/s)
- 10 air temperature (oC)
- 11 Relative humidity (%) Vaisala HMP35C 3.0 m
- 12 Soil temperature (oC) at 5 cm depth
- 13 Soil heat flux at 10 cm depth W/m2 Huskeflux HFP01SC
- 14 Precip

Instrumentation and Calculations

*All heights provided above are relative to the ground surface

Soil heat flux is measured at a soil depth of 10 cm and corrected using the calorimetric method with thermocouples position above (but offset from) the HFP01SC self calibrating heat flux plates.

Net radiation is a composite variable consisting of the best component fluxes (upward and downward facing pyranometers and pyregeometers, Eppley Laboratory Inc.) and allwave measurements (Kipp&Zonen NRLite).

Soil Temperature is an average of thermocouples integrated over a depth of 10 cm.

Data Files Recently Posted (April 16, 2013)

g21climatedata2012.txt (tab delimited)

Eddy Covariance Flux Measurements Pagia System Information

Basic System Information

All eddy covariance data collection and calculations were performed on a CR5000 Campbell Scientific Data Logger. All signals were acquired at 10 Hz and half-hourly fluxes calculated and stored internally. Post processing of these data is done at the University of Minnesota using custom Matlab software.

The eddy covariance system consists of a 2-dimensional sonic-anemometer-thermometer (CSAT3, Campbell Scientific Inc.) and an open-path infrared gas analyzer (LI-7500, LIcor). CO2 profiles are obtained using a Trace Gas Analyzer (TGA100, Campbell Scientific Inc.).

Basic Post-Processing

- 1. Raw covariances are determined from 30 minute block averaging
- 2. Two-dimensional coordinate rotation is applied following Baldocchi et al., (1988)
- 3. Webb-Pearman-Leuning (WPL) & Schotanus simultaneous solution
- 4. Co-spectral corrections following analytical model of Massmann (2000)

Please Note: These Eddy Flux Files are considered "RAW" and have not been filtered using final assessment of the co-spectra/stationarity/statistical properties.

Flux Variables and Data Structure

There are currently 11 variables contained within a [17520 x 11] comma delimited array. These data are subject to revision. See dates above for recent updates concerning the flux data file and metadata.

Column Variable Units

1 DDOY -

2 net ecosystem CO2 exchange μmol m-2 s-1

3 latent heat flux W m-2

4 sensible heat flux W m-2

5 friction velocity m s-1

6 wind speed m s-1

7 dry air density g m-3

8 sat vap pressure kPa

9 vapor pressure kPa

10 specific humidity g/g

11 air pressure kPa

Data Files Recently Posted (April 16, 2013)

g21fluxdata2012.txt (comma delimited)

Biomass DATA

Leaf area index was measured with an AccuPAR handheld sensor (AccuPAR, Model PAR-80, Decagon Devices Inc., Pullman, WA, USA).

The leaf area indexes are currently stored as 8 variables within a comma delimited array. The variables include: Year, DOY, Time, Field ID, Crop Type, LAI, Latitude, Longitude

Biomass Files Posted

 $G21_LAI2012.txt$